

The "Great Rotation"

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Snapshot

- Positive results reported by vaccine makers are encouraging for the outlook of the global economy, and investors have been looking across the valley of rising COVID-19 cases and hospitalisations in their repricing of cyclical stocks.
- From our perspective, we have seen a nascent relative recovery in stocks that were left behind at the start of the pandemic and, potentially, only the beginning of what a style rotation might look like.
- We continue to believe that the performance gap between growth and value over the last several years represents what may be the most attractive investment environment for value stocks that we have seen in over two decades.

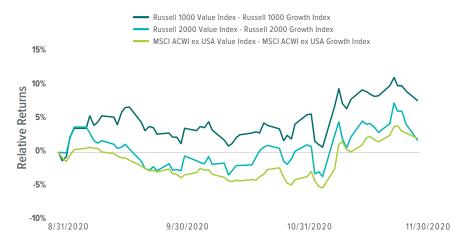
Recent market chatter has hinted at the notion of a "Great Rotation" in U.S. equities, suggesting that investors may be:

- Selling bonds and buying riskier assets such as small-cap, emerging-market and international equities, as well as commodities
- > Trading out of "stay-at-home" and into "going-out" stocks
- Favouring value and cyclical sectors over growth names

While we have seen some evidence of this, we believe it is also too early to tell if this is the beginning of a major secular shift in equity investment themes. If it does turn out to mark the beginning of a long-lasting shift, when did it start, and what have we seen so far? Various starting points have been suggested, spanning anywhere from early September to "Pfizer Monday" in November, when the drug marker first announced promising results in its coronavirus trials.

Since September, value style equity indexes have outpaced their growth counterparts to varying degrees across geographies and market capitalisations, most notably in U.S. large caps (Exhibit 1).

Exhibit 1: Value Stocks Staying Strong



Source: Bloomberg. Data spans 8/31/2020-11/30/2020.

In October, U.S. Treasury yields started to tick up, at least partially owing to markets pricing in the potential for a Democratic sweep in the November election, which would have been expected to yield a larger fiscal expansion in the quarters ahead.

Since then, longer-dated Treasurys have posted negative performance; the U.S. 10-year yield climbed from 0.68% at the start of October to 0.84% two months later. Over the same period, U.S. small caps have outperformed, followed by international and emerging-market equities, while U.S. large caps have trailed. Commodities have also been broadly positive in the fourth quarter (Exhibit 2).

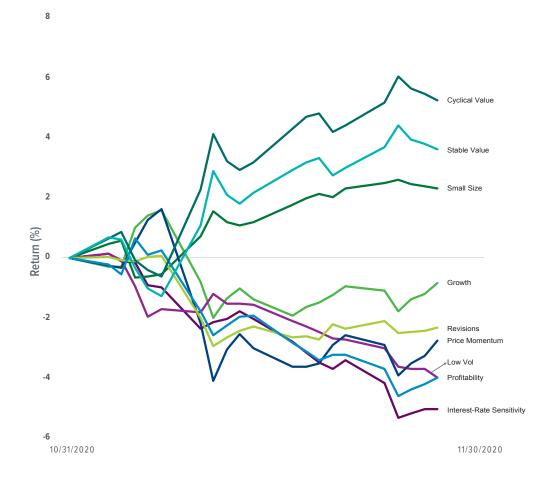
 U.S. Treasury 10-Year Yield (left axis) Russell 2000 Index MSCI Emerging Markets Index (Net) Russell 1000 Index MSCI EAFE Index (Net) Bloomberg Commodity Index 25% 1.20 Moderna Monday 1.10 Pfizer Monday 1.00 15% US Election Day U.S. 10-year yield (%) 0.90 Return (%) 0.80 0.70 0.60 0.50 -5% 09/30/2020 10/31/2020 11/30/2020

Exhibit 2: Small Caps Surge Ahead

Source: Bloomberg. Data spans 9/30/2020-11/30/2020.

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Exhibit 3: Global (Large Cap) Factor Returns



Source: SEI based on data from MSCI, Axioma and FactSet. Returns quoted in USD. The metrics are composites of underlying ratios that SEI has determined to be appropriate measures of each factor. Global equities are represented by securities across all countries and capitalisation ranges, consistent with MSCI ACWI index. Data refers to past performance of liquidity-weighted top-tercile portfolios vs. the capitalisation-weighted benchmark and rebalanced quarterly. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

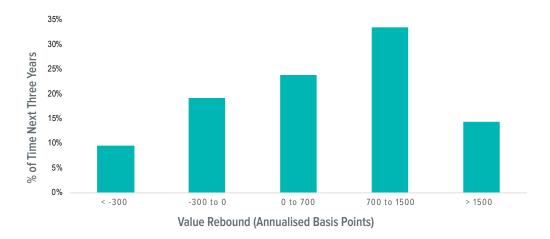
Regardless of the start date, there are encouraging developments in the equity markets that could stand to benefit many of our portfolios. However, we characterize these short-term performances as being in the early stage of what an actual rotation might look like.

A Whole Lot of Value

Ken French data show that prolonged periods (defined as rolling five-year time horizons) in which value underperforms have historically more often than not been followed by significant outperformance by value over the following three years. Value has rebounded and outperformed in more than 70 percent of these scenarios since 1927.

It's not just the frequency, but also the magnitude of the gains generated by these formerly unloved stocks. In about one-third of observations, value stocks outperformed by an average of 7 percent to 15 percent annually. In nearly 15 percent of instances, value's outperformance exceeded an annualised 15 percent.

Exhibit 4: Historical Value Rebounds



Source: Ken French's cap weighted U.S. equity data since 1927, contrasting the cheapest 30% of the market with the most expensive 30% of the market after five years of value underperformance. Data as of 9/30/2020.

While the returns in Exhibit 4 appear quite attractive, they also came after periods of underperformance. Even after accounting for the recent rebound in value, the current environment is one of the longest and most significant periods of value's underperformance on record.

Extended periods of drawdowns to long-term alpha sources have historically been followed by rebounds in those same alpha sources. A disastrous period from 1998-2000 for value was followed by an extended run over the following six years. Excesses tend to correct over time, and severe excesses typically correct more sharply.

We are already observing several signs of potential normalisation. Announcements of highly effective vaccines have shaken the worries that the pandemic would last forever, while regulatory developments on both sides of the Atlantic have hinted that the run of large technology companies might no longer be as simple, forever or profitable as some investors have grown accustomed.

Our Portfolios

Our portfolios are diversified across a number of factors, including value, momentum, stability¹, size and quality. While our value tilt has detracted over the past decade, history has shown that the times when value has been hard to embrace have also been the times when it has typically provided subsequent payoffs.

In the U.S. large-cap space (as measured by the Russell 1000 Index), a style rotation has been evident over the three months ending November 30, with fits and starts in between. In November, from a factor perspective, cyclical value had a more pronounced move; high volatility and companies in weak financial condition tended to fair best, while profitability and low-volatility characteristics were significant underperformers.

¹ Stability alpha source: The investment manager seeks to benefit from investor tendency to undervalue lower-risk, higher-stability businesses—resulting from a focus on short time horizons and overconfidence in forecasts for momentum-driven stocks.

Our large-cap value sub-advisers have outperformed broader index benchmarks through holdings in the financials, materials, and industrials sectors. Despite holding overweights to some less cyclical sectors like consumer staples and healthcare, our large-cap portfolios have performed well.

Value managers in our U.S. small-cap portfolios generally contributed positively to performance. Some value managers bought restaurants, airlines, and cruise companies that have been great performance-turnaround stories. However, overweight allocations to stability managers had the greatest negative impact on relative performance and outweighed the positive performance from value within small caps.

Our international equity portfolios continued to favour value and were able to rotate into COVID-selloff names in November, although underweights to energy, the best-performing sector during the month, detracted.

Our Take on the Recent Performance

We are now seeing pockets of value starting to outperform. There is a strong case to be made that value is a coiled spring that may be in just the early stages of a release. The Russell 1000 Growth index remains approximately 50 percent more expensive than the Russell 1000 Value Index, and we are seeing similar valuation differences in small cap. Value remains extremely cheap compared to growth, no matter which lens you look through. The quality has not deteriorated in the cheap stocks as both the large-cap and small-cap value indexes offer about 2.0% advantage in dividend yield over their growth style index counterparts (as of November 30, 2020).

The positive results reported by vaccine makers are encouraging for the outlook of the global economy, and investors have been looking across the valley of troubling rises in COVID-19 cases and hospitalisations in their repricing of cyclical stocks.

We know that short-term performance can be noisy—at SEI, we would much prefer to study and reflect on longer periods than days and weeks—but as the financial media frames high-level narratives around it, there are important nuances often overlooked which can and do have varying impacts on our portfolios.

These developments in equity markets are certainly encouraging for how many of our portfolios are positioned, but whether recent performance marks the start of a "Great Rotation" will only be certain in hindsight.

Our Outlook

There are still risks related to the virus and its impact on the global economy, but we believe the groundwork is being laid for economic activity to return to pre-pandemic levels. Vaccines have begun distribution and additional fiscal support is on the way. Additionally, central bank rhetoric continues to indicate that policy rates are on hold for the foreseeable future, that all policy tools remain on the table, and that higher inflation would be welcomed.

At SEI, we have suggested that recessions have a way of shaking up leadership trends in financial markets, and we are optimistic on several fronts that investors could continue to shift from stay-at-home-oriented assets, and toward underappreciated, economically-sensitive assets that should stand to benefit most from strengthening global economic growth in 2021—this continuation would give us more confidence that a secular style change is underway.

We believe the current performance gap between growth and value still represents what may be the most attractive investment environment for value stocks that we have seen in nearly 20 years.

Over the next several years, signs of a continued value recovery should be overwhelmingly clear. Economic activity will likely normalise, with vaccines or natural immunity, while fiscal spending and accommodative central bank policy will likely lead to higher inflation.

As the market prices in such developments, "long-duration" growth and expensive high-profitability stocks should be pressured, while momentum investors are likely to rotate into new themes, potentially adding more fuel to the value rally.

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